The Journey of Faith

The Thirst Quencher! John 4:1-42

Introduction

- A. John writes about Jesus through stories of personal encounters with others
 - John the Baptist, Andrew, Peter, John. 1:35-42
 - Philip's eagerness & Nathanael's narrow-mindedness 1:43
 - Nicodemus- a man of flesh/ man of the Spirit

John 4:4-15 (water again)

- B. This time the encounter with Jesus isn't at night, but "about noon." -- Conversation beside a well
 - "Living water" water that gushes up to eternal life and is the thirst quencher forever! (Gatorade)

I. The encounter with the woman of Samaria

- A. Here's the setting: (1-3)
 - 1. Jesus moves from the southernmost part of the territory to the northernmost region
 - 2. Jesus "had to go through Samaria" -- really? (4)
 - •Jews would not have gone through Samaria
 - •Samaria was unclean-people guilty of religious heresy and ethnic desecration
- B. 8 centuries earlier- Assyrians in 721 B.C. (Israel was rebellious- King Jeroboam 1 Ki. 12)
 - 1. The people of the Northern Kingdom in captivity were punished— (2 Kings 17).
 - 2. The Israelites still in the land intermarried with the new Gentile population and mixed
 - 3. When Judah returned from their exile to rebuild the temple under Zerubbabel, assistance for that project was offered by the Samaritans but it was rejected (Ezra 4:2-3).
 - 4. The Samaritans edited the OT and took only the Torah and created their own worship center on Mount Gerizim—rejected the prophetic and wisdom literature
 - Jews hated Samaritans
- C. Why was it necessary to travel through Samaria?
 - •Not only the Jews were saved •It was not a geographical necessity/but a theological one
 - 1. Most unlikely conversation to take place!
 - 2. Something important is at stake in this unlikely encounter

II. The Conversation

- A. A woman comes bearing a dry empty pot— a sign of her parched, barren heart.
 - 1. Jesus asked for a drink v. 7
 - 2. The woman defensively responded V. 9
 - 3. This is the backdrop for the story
 - a. "If you knew the gift of God... v. 10--(Confusion-- "again" or "from above.")
 - b. The woman thinks "cold water" / Jesus means "spiritual refreshment, God's gift
- B. The woman knew that this was something wonderful to possess
 - 1. "Sir, give me this water...v. 15
 - 2. She didn't understand the gift
 - 3. There was no recognition of the identity of its giver
- C. Jesus is willing to tell her more—call your husband, and come back" (4:16).
 - 1. Jesus "needed no one to testify about anyone" (2:25)
 - 2. Jesus was motivated by her spiritual need/ not her social propriety
 - a. "I have no husband."
 - b. "You have had five husbands
 - c. "You are a prophet"
 - 3. (4:19-26) She got terribly uncomfortable
 - a. Of course, she did! Her life was a mess.
 - 4. So why did he put her on the spot about her life?
 - a. When I've sinned and I'm in a mess, I react in two ways
 - Deny, cover up, want more time to fix things, and usually dig deeper
 - •Or, confess, come clean, honest about how helpless I am (Zachaeus)
 - b. The woman's reaction is rather typical of most people
 - She avoids the issue of her real need and brings up the old Jerusalem-Gerizim debate
 - •She acted as if the most important thing in her life was the old religious fight

- •The problem— This was irrelevant to her spiritual need.
- She was avoiding the painful truth about herself, but Jesus let her know that God was searching for people who would worship in spirit and truth.
- 5. True worship- is a humble, seeking spirit, not a special location. vv. 21-24
 - a. The discussion of living water—Jesus is going back to it...
 - b. True worship is not a mountain, human structure, or ritual
 - True worship is the empowering presence of "the Spirit of truth" (14:15-
 - **17**) He renews worship & the worshiper

4:25-26

III. The reaction--

- A. At the worst time, lunch arrives!—It's awkward for everyone—except Jesus (4:27)
- B. The woman's reaction is to go back to her town (4:28)
 - 1. Soiled reputation/no credibility
 - 2. She used the come-and-see approach to sharing (4:29)
- C. Meanwhile the disciples minds are on food (31-33)
 - 1. Jesus teaches them a lesson about another kind of food... (34-38)
- D. The people of Samaria went to see for themselves— (39-42)

Conclusion

- A. John chose to include this story to affirm the Samaritans and Gentiles as brethren
 - 1. He is sending a message to them
 - 2. He is sending a message to the Jews
 - 3. And He is sending a message to the world
- B.. This is a powerful narrative to declare the value of people we tend to marginalize... It:
 - 1. Challenges racism
 - 2. Rebukes attachments to tradition over truth
 - 3. Help us see our tendency for playing church and splitting hairs over worship
 - 4. Can remind us of the simple come-and-see approach for evangelizing/testimony (v. 42)
- C. Perhaps you have been hit with a 2x4 by all or a part of this story
 - 1. The point— We need to be honest before Christ.
 - 2. Don't retreat to some safe place of dark concealment.
 - Christian if you need to repent, repent!
 - If you have come-to-see, then see (Eph 2:8-10)
 - •Come, be born of the living water, the Spirit and surrender your life in the waters of baptism
 - The Lord's response to your faith will give you a new life, a Spirit filled, Spirit led life!

Scot Poirier

Minister Chelmsford Church of Christ 205 North St. Chelmsford Ma. 978-256-8901